

#### **DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSE**

GENERAL INFORMATION				
Course Holder	dr.sc. Ivana Rukavina			
The name of the college	Aonetary Credit Analysis			
Study program	Professional Graduate Study – Business Management – MBA			
Status of the College	Mandatory			
Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year			
Doint value and method of teaching	ECTS coefficient of student workload	5		
Point value and method of teaching	Number of hours (P+V+S)	28+28+0		

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSE**

1.1. *Objectives of the course* 

Students are expected to develop:

a) General competencies

• developing an understanding of how monetary policy affects participants in the economy and how changes in monetary policy drive changes in the business decision-making of different actors

• understanding how changes in behavior and decision-making of participants in the economy will affect the business environment

• understanding how to adapt business to changes in monetary policy

b) Specific competencies

• understanding global changes through market liberalization and globalization, changes in the amount of capital flows, and shape these changes into model settings

• understanding model settings and explaining how global economic changes affect Croatia



1.2. *Requirements for enrolment in the course* 

No conditions

1.3. Expected learning outcomes for the course

## Students should be able to:

- 1. Differentiate between the economic behaviour of individual participants in the economy
- 2. Valorize banks' behaviour and the impact of monetary policy on banks' business decisions
- **3.** Evaluate monetary policy choices and monetary policy transactions conducted by the central bank.
- 4. Evaluate different economic theories, approaches to economic modeling and the process of creating expectations in the economy
- 5. Evaluate the usefulness and results of individual economic models
- 6. Interpreting Monetary and Credit Policy in Croatia
  - 1.4. Course content

#### Introduction: Money

- The Logic of the Origin of Money, Forms of Money, and the Use of Money
- The history of the origin of money

## Participants in the economy

- Distinguish between the economic behaviour of individual participants in the economy (households, companies and governments)
- Interconnect the decisions of participants in the economy

Banks and monetary policy, central bank and monetary policy, real interest and inflation

- Valorize banks' behaviour and the impact of monetary policy on banks' business decisions.
- Evaluate monetary policy choices and monetary policy transactions conducted by the central bank.
- Evaluate monetary policy choices and monetary policy transactions conducted by the central bank.

Other economic phenomena

• Riccardian equivalence, monetary neutrality, the relationship between inflation, employment and economic growth, modeling expectations in the economy



Mathe	matical optimization and the classical model		
•	Mathematical optimization techniques		
•	Modeling of the classical economic model		
Keynes	ian model		
•	Modeling, solutions of the Keynesian model		
•	Criticism of the Keynesian model		
The Mu	Indell-Fleming model		
•	Mundell-Flemig model, modeling, model solution		
•	Simulations of the Mundell-Flemigov model		
The Ra	tional Expectations Model and the New Keynesian Model		
•	Introduction to the General Equilibrium Model and Models		
•	Introduction, Model Description, and Model Solution		
Monet	ary policy of the European Central Bank		
•	Monetary policy of the European Central Bank		
Croatia	's monetary policy		
•	Croatia's monetary policy		
1.	5. Types of teaching (put X)	<ul> <li>lectures</li> <li>seminars and</li> <li>workshops</li> <li>exercises</li> <li>Distance education</li> <li>Field Teaching</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Independent tasks</li> <li>Multimedia &amp; Network</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>Mentoring work</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>
1.6	6. Student obligations		
The ob	igations of students are prescribed in detail by the Statute, Study Regulations, and Student Oblig	gations Guidelines. The key ol	bligations of students are:
ATTEN	DANCE AT CLASSES: students are obliged to attend classes, actively follow lectures and exercises	, and participate constructive	ly in classes, and in order to acquire
the rig	nt to take the exam, it is necessary to attend classes in the percentages prescribed by the Study I	Regulations. For each student	, their presence in class is recorded
throug	h the Infoeduka digital office system. The minimum obligations are;		



• Full-time students must attend at least 70% of the total number of classes to be eligible to sign.

• Part-time students need to attend at least 50% of the total number of classes to be eligible to sign.

PASSING EXAMS: in order to achieve a positive grade in the subject, it is necessary to achieve at least 54 points in the subject, but also at least 50% of points for each learning outcome. The method of taking the exam is described in more detail in the item Assessment and evaluation of students' work during classes and at the final exam.

\*FINAL EXAM – a student who has not met the conditions for passing the exam during the continuous examination of knowledge (has achieved a total of at least 54 points in the course and has met the lower point threshold of adoption of each learning outcome, i.e. a minimum of 50% of the points of each learning outcome), may take the learning outcomes of the course at the final exam.

WRITTEN EXAM: the student is required to take a written exam that verifies the acquisition of advanced theoretical knowledge related to monetary economics and the ability to connect with knowledge from other courses.

\*CONTINUOUS EXAMINATION: In order to make students progress more efficiently in class, continuous examinations are carried out (3 intermediate exams). In this way, students acquire smaller teaching units and master the subject material more easily.

# 1.7. Student Work Tracking (Add X to the appropriate tracking format)

Attending classes	х	Teaching activity	Seminar paper	Experimental work	
Written exam	х	Oral exam	Essay	Research	
Project		Continuous Assessment*	Report	Practical work	
Portfolio					

**1.8.** Assessment and evaluation of students' work during classes and at the final exam

Evaluation and evaluation of students' work during classes and at the final exam is carried out on the basis of the Regulations on Studying of the EFFECTUS University of Applied Sciences.

Allocation of points according to the forms of student work monitoring:



	Attending classes	Written exam	Project	Seminar paper	Practical work	Altogether
11		16				16
12		16				16
13		16				16
14		16				16
15		16				16
16		16				16
OUT OF OUTCOM						4
ALTOGETH R	E 4	96				100



FORMS OF TRACKING	NAME OF LEARNING OUTCOMES	TEACHING METHOD	KNOWLEDGE ASSESSMENT METHOD	Maximum number of points	
		lecture	Essay-problem questions to which an		
	OUTCOME 1 Differentiate between the economic behaviour of individual participants in the economy	Asking questions discussion	answer is sought, which demonstrates the identification and definition of key terms, their connection and appropriate argumentation of a higher degree of complexity.		
Written exam	OUTCOME 2	lecture	Essay-problem questions to which an	48	
	Valorize banks' behaviour and the impact of monetary policy on banks' business decisions	Asking questions discussion	answer is sought, which demonstrates the identification and definition of key terms, their connection and appropriate argumentation of a higher degree of complexity.		
	OUTCOME 3	lecture	Essay-problem questions to which an		



	Evaluate monetary policy choices and monetary policy transactions conducted by the central bank.	Asking questions discussion	answer is sought, which demonstrates the identification and definition of key terms, their connection and appropriate argumentation of a higher degree of complexity.	
	OUTCOME 4 Evaluate different	lecture	Essay-problem questions to which an	
	economic theories, approaches to economic modeling and the process of creating expectations in the economy	Asking questions discussion	answer is sought, which demonstrates the identification and definition of key terms, their connection and appropriate argumentation of a higher degree of complexity.	
Written exam	itten exam OUTCOME 5 Evaluate the usefulness and results of individual	lectures	Essay-problem questions to which an answer is sought, which demonstrates the identification and definition of key	48
	economic models. Economic policy of the European Central Bank.	Asking questions discussion	terms, their connection and appropriate argumentation of a higher degree of complexity.	
	OUTCOME 6 Interpreting Monetary and Credit Policy in	lecture	Essay-problem questions to which an answer is sought, which demonstrates the identification and definition of key	



	Croatia	Asking questions discussion	terms, their connection and appropriate argumentation of a higher degree of complexity.	
Attending classes	All outcomes	Lectures and exercises	Attendance records	4
			TOTAL POINTS	100

Type of student workload	Student Load Hours	ECTS credits
Attending contact classes	56	1.9
Field Trips/Visits Outside the College		
Independent study/research	49	1.6
Out-of-classroom preparation and preparation of seminars/presentations		
Work on an out-of-classroom project assignment		
Independent preparation for exams and exam time	40.0	1.3
Consultation activities	5	0.2
Other		
TOTAL ECTS credits	150	5



### RATING:

In order to achieve a positive grade in the course, the student must cumulatively meet two conditions: achieve a total of at least 54 (fifty-four) points in the course and meet the lower point threshold for the adoption of each individual learning outcome, which is 50% of the total points of the learning outcomes.

Grades are calculated based on the following distribution of points:

SCORE	RATING
0,00 – 53,90	Insufficient (1)
54,00 - 64,90	Sufficient (2)
65,00 – 79,90	Good (3)
80,00 - 89,90	Very good (4)
90.00 and more	Excellent (5)

Grading is carried out in a transparent manner by collecting points. The course is evaluated with 100.00 points (with the possibility of achieving an additional 8 points on the Challenge learning outcome).

CHALLENGE LEARNING OUTCOME - the student has the opportunity to earn an additional maximum of 8 points through the Challenge learning outcome; The student independently chooses one of the activities proposed in the first lesson, and has the opportunity to independently propose an activity with which he wants to increase the number of points and, with the consent of the course holder, achieves them according to the criteria of the course. Points for the Challenge learning outcome are



not distributed according to the learning outcomes, but the number achieved makes an additional number of points to the total number of points achieved according to the learning outcomes.

Before taking the final written exam, each student must meet the prescribed conditions, which primarily means that they have attended the % of classes determined by the Study Regulations and that they have received an electronically encrypted permission to take the exam.

1.9. Required reading and number of copies in relation to the number of students currently attending classes in the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
<ul> <li>Vidaković, Neven: Monetary-Credit Analysis, first edition Effectus College of Finance and Law, Zagreb, 2016.</li> </ul>	5* *students receive compulsory literature in permanent ownership	60

1.10. Supplementary literature

Internet sources and publications of the Croatian National Bank, European Central Bank. Federal Reserve System, etc.

1.11. Ways of quality monitoring that ensure the acquisition of output knowledge, skills and competencies

• statistical processing and analysis of exam results (checking the Gaussian curve – normal distribution of success, comparing and monitoring the results of exams of different generations, analysis of understanding of individual modules/guestions on the exam, etc.),

• conducting a survey among students,

• evaluation and self-evaluation of teachers,

- achieved results, level of understanding and knowledge during the preparation of the seminar paper,
- achieved results and level of knowledge presented during the preparation and defense of the final thesis (students who choose a graduate thesis in this course),
- analysis of the report of the Head of the Quality Centre, and
- Feedback from students who have already graduated on the usefulness of the content of this course in the performance of the work they do.